



Stress Management Society from distress to de-stress

MENTAL HEALTH CHAMPIONS

Complete Handbook January 2024 onwards



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International Wellbeing Insights People, Culture & Wellbeing



Stress Management Society from distress to de-stress

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WELCOME

Stress is the driving force that keeps us on our toes and ensures that we push to be the best we can be. However that is only valid up to a certain point. If we have too much stress and endless wear and tear, it can drive us into physical, mental and emotional exhaustion.

Certainly we can't avoid the problem. Situations arise on a day-to-day basis, which make physical, mental and emotional demands on us. There may be decisions that need to be made, deadlines that need to be met, and lessons to be learned.

Unreasonable stress affects one in five of the working population and after acute medical conditions it is the most common cause of long term sickness absence from work (CIPD Absence Management 2014). Stress undoubtedly makes people ill. It is now known to contribute to heart disease, hypertension and high blood pressure, it affects the immune system, is linked to strokes, IBS (Irritable Bowel Syndrome), ulcers, diabetes, muscle and joint pain, miscarriage, allergies, alopecia and even premature tooth loss.

Therefore it is imperative to strike the right balance. As individuals, we must take stock of all aspects of our life and situations and learn to cope better.

Treat it early, and your prospects are good. Ignore the problem, and there is a risk that 'burnout' may become a permanent state of affairs.





THE 9.00am EXERCISE

IT IS 9AM ON A MONDAY MORNING, THE PHONE IS RINGING AND YOU HAPPEN TO ANSWER IT. A COLLEAGUE IS CALLING TO INFORM THAT THEY ARE *"FINE BUT HAVE TWO-WEEK MEDICAL EXEMPTION OFF FOR STRESS"*.

USUALLY, THEY ARE THE 'FUN PERSON' IN THE WORKPLACE, BUT OVER THE LAST THREE OR FOUR WEEKS THEY HAVE BEEN SHOWING SIGNS OF DISTRESS. THEY HAVE BEEN COMING TO WORK LATE, THEIR PRODUCTIVITY HAS DECREASED, AND THEIR MOOD IS LOW. THEY HAVE BEEN ACTING OUT OF CHARACTER, HAVE BEEN WITHDRAWN AND UNAPPROACHABLE.

THERE HAVE BEEN RUMOURS OF 'SOMETHING GOING ON' IN THEIR PRIVATE LIFE, BUT NOBODY HAS WANTED TO ASK BECAUSE TALKING TO THIS PERSON ISN'T AS ENJOYABLE AS IT NORMALLY IS AND THEY DON'T WANT TO PRY.

THIS MORNING, THIS COLLEAGUE SOUNDS A LITTLE 'STRANGE' - JUST ENOUGH FOR YOU TO NOTICE, BUT YOU'RE NOT SURE. HOW WOULD YOU RESPOND?

WHAT DO YOU DO?



WELLBEING GPS

In order for a GPS to plot the best route to your destination it needs two pieces of information:

- Starting Point: where you are now
- Destination: where you want to go

A Satnav can only work if it knows exactly where you are and a clear destination has been established in order to plot the optimal route to get there. A decent satnav will alter the route for any unexpected roadblocks, changes or traffic jams.

Without both current position and intended destination, the satnav cannot guide you – the same applies to your wellbeing journey.

There is also another piece of information that you need to keep you going throughout your journey: why do you want to get there?





UNDERSTANDING MENTAL HEALTH

Mental health is more important than ever and very much in the zeitgeist. Many of us feel under pressure to meet demands, perform life duties and maintain a certain lifestyle.

It is essential at both a personal and organisational level to promote and support wellbeing and mental wellness. Providing the right foundations for the Mental Health Champions will help create a more engaged, happy and high performing culture at Philips.

MENTAL HEALTH RESEARCH

- Mental health problems is a growing public health concern. The likelihood is that we all know someone who is affected by mental ill health – this could be a family member, friend or colleague
- Mental ill health in the workplace: 1 in 6 of us will experience depression, anxiety or problems relating to stress
- In the US, almost half of adults will experience a mental illness during their lifetime Source: MHFA
- Prevalent not just in the US, but around the world
- Mental ill-health naturally leads to absence, but Presenteeism (turning up to work whilst either physically or mentally unfit) accounts for double the losses of absences
- Working conditions and working environment can have a huge impact on mental health and equally, someone's mental health can have a significant impact to perform well in their job
- As part of an annual Gallup Poll the 2020 was officially the most stressful year in recent history, with a record-high 40% of adults worldwide saying they have experienced lots of stress
- Although work is good for mental health, a negative environment can lead to physical and mental health problems
- Accordingto the National Alliance on Mental Illness (NAMI), mental illness is the leading cause of disability in the United States. Moreover, untreated mental health conditions cost the economy \$200 billion every year.

Source: Centre for Mental Health, WHO, Gallup



UNDERSTANDING MENTAL HEALTH

MORE MENTAL HEALTH RESEARCH

HUMAN COST OF POOR MENTAL HEALTH IN THE MENA REGION

- 40% OF PEOPLE IN MIDDLE EAST AND NORTH AFRICA WILL EXPERIENCE IT
- OVER 4,000 YOUNG PEOPLES LIVES LOST TO IT IN ONE YEAR IN THIS REGION (UNICEF, 2023)
- GLOBALLY 8 MILLION LIVES LOST TO IT PER YEAR WITH 1 SUICIDE EVERY 40 SECONDS (WHO, 2019)
- ...YET, 60% OF PEOPLE DO NOT SEEK SUPPORT

FINANCIAL COST OF POOR MENTAL HEALTH AROUND THE WORLD

- 37.5 MILLION PRODUCTIVE DAYS LOST EACH YEAR DUE TO UNTREATED MENTAL ILLNESS IN THE MIDDLE EAST - EQUIVALENT TO \$3.5 BILLION LOST PER YEAR
- **DEPRESSION IN USA: \$51 BILLION PER YEAR** (AMERICAN JOURNAL OF PSYCHIATRY)
- €600 BILLION IN EUROPE: 4% GDP (OECD)
- LACK OF DATA IN MENA, ASIA & S. AMERICA (WHO MENTAL HEALTH ATLAS)
 - DEATHS FROM MH & SUBSTANCE ABUSE IN CHINA HAVE MORE THAN DOUBLED IN 10 YEARS
- \$6 TRILLION GLOBAL COSTS BY 2030 (WORLD ECONOMIC FORUM)
 - IT WOULD TAKE YOU 190,200 YEARS TO COUNT THAT HIGH!



MENTAL HEALTH EVALUATION EXERCISE

Before we begin looking at mental health, it may be helpful for you to think about your own, how it affects your life and to share this with a partner.

1. WHAT DOES MENTAL HEALTH MEAN TO YOU?

2. WHEN YOU HAVE POOR MENTAL HEALTH—WHAT IS THE CAUSE?

3. HOW DOES IT AFFECT YOU:

A. MENTALLY? (HOW YOU THINK)

B. EMOTIONALLY? (HOW YOU FEEL)

C. PHYSICALLY?

4. HOW OFTEN DOES IT AFFECT YOU?

5. HOW HAVE YOU BEEN DEALING WITH IT UNTIL NOW?

6. HOW COULD YOU DEAL WITH IT?



DE-STIGMATISATION

There is still often a stigma attached to mental illness, often resulting from the stereotypes and prejudice that result from misconceptions about mental illness. Stigma is two-fold:

PUBLIC STIGMA

The reaction that the general population has people with mental ill-health

SELF-STIGMA

The prejudice which people with mental ill-health turn against themselves

There are three components to both public and self-stigma: stereotypes, prejudice and discrimination.

	PUBLIC STIGMA	SELF-STIGMA	
STEREOTYPE	Negative belief about a group. i.e. incompetence	Negative belief about self. i.e. incompetence	
PREJUDICE Agreement with belief and/or negative emotional reaction. i.e. anger, fear		Agreement with belief and/or negative emotional reaction. i.e. low self-esteem	
DISCRIMINATION	Behaviour response to prejudice. i.e. avoidance, with-holding employment/housing opportunities or generally just withholding help	Behaviour response to prejudice (fails to pursue work/housing opportunities)	

It may be helpful for you to think and reflect on your own experience of self and public-stigma.

PUBLIC-STIGMA:

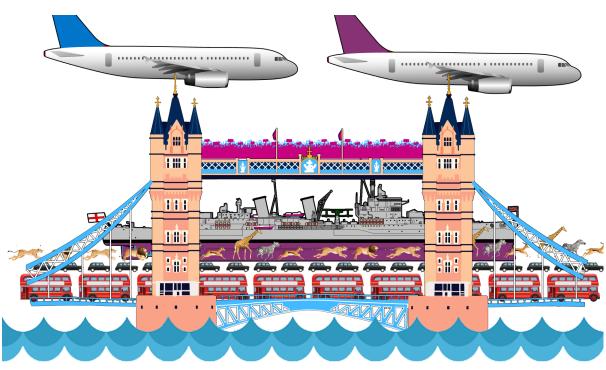
For example, men are often more likely not to reach out for help with their mental health. Why do you think this is?

WHAT IDEAS CAN YOU THINK OF TO HELP DRIVE PEOPLE TO START REACHING OUT FOR HELP?

SELF-STIGMA: WHAT HAS STOPPED <u>YOU</u> FROM ASKING FOR HELP?



THE BRIDGE ANALOGY



The Health & Safety Executive defines stress as 'the adverse reaction people have to excessive pressures or other types of demand placed on them'.

This links very closely to one of our definitions of stress and poor wellbeing; a condition or feeling experienced when a person perceives that:

"DEMANDS EXCEED THE PERSONAL AND SOCIAL RESOURCES THE INDIVIDUAL IS ABLE TO MOBILISE."

International Wellbeing Insights uses 'The Bridge' analogy to approach the topic of mental health, wellbeing and stress. When a Bridge is carrying too much weight, it will eventually collapse. It is possible to see the warning signs before this happens, 'The Bridge' would bow, buckle and creak.

The same principle can be applied to human beings, with excessive demands and challenaes placed on our bridaes. There may be early warning signs. However stress can creep up on some of us, resulting in an unexpected breakdown.

'The Bridge' analogy can also be applied to a team or organisation as a whole by looking for more general signs such as team deadlines not being met or a decrease in team morale.



I.D.E.A.L.S: HOW TO APPROACH



IDENTIFY THE EARLY INDICATORS OF RISK OR MENTAL ILL-HEALTH • SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS

DEVELOP A CONNECTION

- AUTHENTICITY
- CONNECTION
- TOPIC

ENGAGE IN CONVERSATION

• ASK THE RIGHT QUESTIONS

ACTIVELY ENCOURAGE

- TO BE OPEN ABOUT HOW THEY ARE FEELING
- IT'S OK TO BE NOT OK

LISTEN EMPATHETICALLY AND WITHOUT JUDGEMENT

IT'S GOOD TO BE IDEAL, BUT LET'S MAKE IT PLURAL...FOLLOW UP!

SAFEGUARD, SIGNPOST AND SUPPORT

- DUTY OF CARE: KEEPING EVERYONE SAFE
- RELEVANT PROFESSIONAL HELP AND SUPPORT RESOURCES
- ENCOURAGE WAYS TO TAKE PERSONAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR SELF-HELP



RECOGNISING MENTAL ILL-HEALTH

COMMON MENTAL ILLNESS

- Often, people feel isolated and that they are the only one experiencing a mental health problem, however, there are some mental health problems that are common for people to experience (including depression, anxiety and stress)
- The signs and symptoms of mental ill-health are often different and can vary depending on the mental health problem. Generally, these symptoms will have an effect on behaviours, emotions and thoughts
- The signs and symptoms can display as physical problems—i.e. headache, back pain, nausea, muscle tension
- Some people can have more than one mental health problem: it is not uncommon for someone with an anxiety disorder to suffer from depression as well or vice versa. Almost half of individuals diagnosed with depression are also diagnosed with an anxiety disorder
- NICE describes 3 different levels of mental health problems that a person may experience at different times —mild, moderate and severe:

MILD	WHEN A PERSON HAS A SMALL NUMBER OF SYMPTOMS WITH A LIMITED EFFECT ON DAILY LIFE
MODERATE	WHEN A PERSON HAS MORE SYMPTOMS WHICH MAKE THEIR DAILY LIFE A LOT MORE DIFFICULT THAN WHAT IS NORMAL FOR THEM
SEVERE	WHEN A PERSON HAS MANY SYMPTOMS, MAKING THEIR DAY-TO-DAY EXTREMELY DIFFICULT AND SEVERELY IMPACTING QUALITY OF LIFE

Source: NICE, ADAA

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS INCLUDE:

LOW ENERGY	FEELING IRRITATED		
EXCESSIVE WORRYING	REDUCED CONCENTRATION		
CHANGES IN EATING HABITS	DEPRESSED MOOD		
EXTREME MOOD CHANGES	DISTURBANCES IN SLEEP		
WITHDRAWING FROM FRIENDS AND FAMILY	DIFFICULTY DEALING WITH DAILY PROBLEMS		
AVOIDING CERTAIN SITUATIONS	HEADACHES, SWEATING, NAUSEA		

Foundation, Mayoclinic

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DEPRESSION

EARLY IDENTIFICATION

The World Health Organisation (WHO) defines depression as:

"a common mental health disorder that is characterised by persistent sadness and a loss of interest and a loss of interest in activities that you normally enjoy, accompanied by an inability to carry out daily activities, for at least 2 weeks"

- Globally, it is estimated that 264 million people suffer from depression
- Many people who suffer from depression also suffer from symptoms of anxiety
- Depression has been cited as the leading cause of disability worldwide
- Costing over \$51 billion in absenteeism from work and lost productivity, depression has become one of Americas most costly illnesses
- Depression ranks among the top 3 workplace problems for employee assistance professionals

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS

 A LOSS OF ENERGY FEELING LOW, TEARFUL A CHANGE IN APPETITE LOSING PLEASURE AND INTEREST IN THINGS THAT WERE ONCE ENJOYABLE SLEEPING MORE OR LESS PROBLEMS WITH MEMORY ANXIETY BEING RESTLESS REDUCED/POOR CONCENTRATION OFTEN LACKING CONFIDENCE BEING INDECISIVE • SELF-CRITICAL FEELINGS OF WORTHLESSNESS LASTING FEELS OF UNHAPPINESS NEGATIVE THOUGHTS DEPRESSED MOOD GUILT/HOPELESSNESS • FEELING IRRITABLE • THOUGHTS OF SELF-HARM/SUICIDE

> Source: WHO, Mental Health Foundation, Mental Health America



UNDERSTANDING BURNOUT

The 11th Revision of the International Classification of Diseases 11 (ICD-11) defines burnout as

"a syndrome conceptualized as resulting from chronic workplace stress that has not been successfully managed".

Moreover, according to the ICD-11's definition, burn-out is characterized into three dimensions:

FEELINGS OF ENERGY DEPLETION OR EXHAUSTION

INCREASED MENTAL DISTANCE FROM ONE'S JOB, OR FEELING OF NEGATI-VISM OR CYNICISM

REDUCED PROFESSIONAL EFFICACY

OTHER SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF BURNOUT:

COMPULSION TO PROVE ONESELF		LIEVE THAT OTHERS ARE LAZY
PUSH TO WORK HARDER	•	OBVIOUS BEHAVIOURAL CHANGES
NEGLECTING PERSONAL NEEDS		NOTICED BY OTHERS
INCREASED PERCEPTION OF	•	LOSS OF CONTACT WITH SELF
CONFLICT	•	FEELINGS OF INNER EMPTINESS
WITHDRAWAL FROM SOCIAL	•	LOW MOOD, DEPRESSION
SITUATIONS	•	DISTORTED SENSE OF TIME
A REVISION OF YOUR VALUE SYSTEM,	•	MENTAL, EMOTIONAL OR PHYSICAL
SELF-WORTH BASED JOB		COLLAPSE
DENIAL OF PROBLEMS AND/OR BE-		



ANXIETY EARLY IDENTIFICATION

The American Psychological Association defines anxiety as:

"an emotion characterized by feelings of tension, worried thoughts and physical changes like increased blood pressure"

It is normal for everyone to have feelings of anxiety, but it becomes a problem when it becomes difficult to control. Anxiety disorders are the most common mental illness in the US, affecting 40 million adults in the US aged 18 and older, which is 18.1% of the population every year.

The recent study conducted during the pandemic shows that 1 in 3 adults are depressed or anxious due to COVID-19.

Anxiety disorder is an umbrella term with there being different types of anxiety disorder, including:

Generalized Anxiety Disorder Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD) Panic Disorder Health Anxiety **Obsessive Compulsive Disorder (OCD)**

Specific Phobias Social Anxiety Disorder

Anxiety disorders share some common signs and symptoms, but these along with the treatment method and severity of the anxiety disorder may vary

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS

• FEELING IRRITABLE ACTIVELY AVOIDING CERTAIN SITUATIONS REDUCED CONCENTRATION • FEARS AND WORRIES THAT ARE OUT OF **PROPORTION AND OVERWHELMING** DIFFICULTY SLEEPING DIFFICULTY CONTROLLING YOUR WORRIES • FEELING RESTLESS • FEELING **SELF-CONSCIOUS** ABOUT HEART PALPITATIONS (STRONG, FASTER, **EVERYDAY SOCIAL SITUATIONS IRREGULAR HEARTBEAT)** FIXATING ON OTHERS JUDGING YOU OR SHORTNESS OF BREATHE **BEING EMBARRASSED** HEADACHES FEELING DIZZY OR NAUSEA SWEATING DIFFICULTY GOING ABOUT EVERYDAY LIFE CONSTANT FEELINGS OF PANIC AND FEAR FEELING PANICKED—PANIC ATTACKS A FEELING OF BEING 'ON-EDGE' TENSE MUSCLES NOT DOING THE THINGS YOU ONCE EXCESSIVE WORRIES **ENJOYED** Source: American Psychological Association, NHS, Mental Health Foundation, WebMD, ADAA

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STRESS



EARLY IDENTIFICATION OF STRESS AND STRESS-RELATED PROBLEMS

It isn't always possible to prevent stress, so a key action in order to minimise risk is to identify stress-related problems as early as possible, so that action can be taken before serious stress-related illness occurs (thus preventing a costly outcome for all concerned).

One of the difficulties with stress is that people experience it in different ways. It would be unwise to overgeneralise when advising on how to identify stress in others. However, because stress can have adverse effects, it will usually present in forms that are out of the ordinary for the individual. There will be changes in the stressed person; emotional, physical, behavioural, or a combination of all three.

The key thing is to look out for negative changes of any kind. Bear in mind that the negative changes are also likely to have knock-on effects e.g. reduced performance at work.

Of course, we all experience 'bad days', so we are really talking about situations where people display these negative changes for a period of time (e.g. 5 days in a row).

CERTAIN FACTORS AT WORK MAY INDICATE A POTENTIAL PROBLEM

L		ACCI	DENIT	PRONE	
L	NOKE	ACCI	DEINI	FROME	

- FORGETTING THINGS
- SHOWING A NEGATIVE CHANGE IN MOOD OR FLUCTUATIONS IN MOOD

- AVOIDING CERTAIN SITUATIONS OR PEOPLE
- USING MORE VERY NEGATIVE OR CYNICAL LANGUAGE
- BECOMING WITHDRAWN
- SHOWING A PROLONGED LOSS OF SENSE OF HUMOUR
- BECOMING INCREASINGLY IRRITABLE OR SHORT-TEMPERED

- ARGUMENTS AND DISPUTES BETWEEN
 PEOPLE
- A TENDENCY TO SUFFER FROM HEADACHES, NAUSEA, ACHES AND PAINS, TIREDNESS AND POOR SLEEPING PATTERNS
- INDECISIVENESS AND POOR JUDGEMENT
- SELF-HARMING
- A PROBLEM WITH DRINKING OR DRUG TAKING
- LOOKING HAGGARD OR EXHAUSTED ALL THE TIME
- INABILITY TO THINK CREATIVELY



BOUNDARY SETTING

SETTING THE ROLE & ESTABLISHING PROFESSIONAL BOUNDARIES

This is about the importance of what is and what is not acceptable to both parties, determining what this relationship actually is. In this role it is important to set boundaries to protect yourself, as well as the individual. There are three boundaries that we want you to explore:

PERSONAL BOUNDARIES

What your own boundaries are

ORGANISATIONAL BOUNDARIES

Checked that they align with organisation values for example

ROLE BOUNDARIES

The boundaries you will establish in your role as a Champion/Ambassador

PERSONAL BOUNDRIES	ORGANISATIONAL BOUNDARIES	ROLE BOUNDRIES		
DO	DO	DO		
Keep an open dialogue with the wider Mental Health Champions Team	Work within time available: support champions in balancing role & day job.	Be friendly, listen without judgement		
Be aware of your own mental health & take steps to keep mental wellbeing in check	Organisation Policies & Guidelines: Protect Champion & employees	Make sure you have the right resources (training, correct contacts for signposting, etc.) to provide support		
Be open-minded	Line Managers to be involved in what champions role involves & are clear with how they can support & facilitate	Be clear about your personal boundaries and what you can and can't do; manage expectations		
Talk to someone if needed- without breaking confidentialities (i.e. partner,friend/champion/EAP)	What champions can expect from the business: support from senior leaders & buy-in. Plus leader from H&W	Be clear about our role boundaries and when we must break confidentiality if they are putting themselves or others in danger of harm		
Keep to working hours only	Provide Training that is adequate & timely	Speak to other Champions/Safeguarding Officer if you need support		
Avoid sharing personal information unless relevant and comfortable to do so	Function proactively- within organisation, talk to peers & promote role	Align with your line manager to make sure you have the time and resources to support		
Accept sometimes its ok to say- not right now	Give access to Communication channels: Town Halls, BU Meetings etc.	Let people know you're a mental health champion, and there as a resource!		
Be able to say no	Share ideas of areas of improvement			
Be able to assert boundaries within an interaction if needed - restrictions on amount of time. Control depth of issues (identify where to signpost early on).	Be aware of confidentiality requirements			
Establish a buddy within the Champions Team				
DON'T	DON'T	DON'T		
Take it home with you or over-analyse	Take on organisation's responsibilities	Try to fix		
Take it personally or make it personal	Go against the organisation's procedures	Promise (i.e. solution or confidentiality) overcommit; be realistic		
Allow their experiences to trigger yours		Try to be a professional: Avoiding counselling, advice, or opinions		
Feel responsible for colleagues or feel guilty if we weren't able to help them or resolve their issues personally		Encourage bad behaviours/thinking		
		Discuss private conversations with anyone else, and if we need to break confidentiality make sure we speak to the right person and only the person		



YOUR OWN PERSONAL GROUND RULES

YOU HAVE BEEN ASKED TO THINK ABOUT YOUR OWN PERSONAL GROUND RULES AND BOUNDARIES THAT YOU WILL LIVE BY AND COMMUNICATE TO PERSON IN NEED IN THIS ROLE

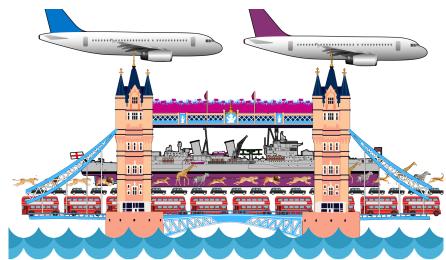
THINK ABOUT CONFIDENTIALITY, SAFEGUARDING, DUTY OF CARE, CREATING TRUST AND A SAFE ENVIRONMENT - FOR YOURSELF AND PERSON IN NEED.

WHAT DO YOU REGARD AS GOOD PRACTICE? WHAT ARE YOUR GROUND RULES AND BOUNDARIES? WHY ARE THESE IMPORTANT TO YOU?

COMMIT YOUR THOUGHTS TO PAPER BEFORE SHARING WITH A PARTNER, WE WILL THEN EXPLORE THIS IN THE MAIN GROUP



WHAT'S ON YOUR BRIDGE?



1. WE DON'T HAVE A WORK BRIDGE AND PERSONAL BRIDGE, IT ALL GOES TO THE SAME PLACE AND WE TEND TO CARRY IT AROUND WITH US. TAKE A MOMENT TO THINK ABOUT WHAT IS ON <u>YOUR</u> BRIDGE.

2. WHAT ARE THE SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS THAT YOU DISPLAY WHEN YOUR BRIDGE IS BOWING AND BUCKLING. TAKE A MOMENT TO THINK ABOUT WHAT THAT MEANS FOR <u>YOUR</u> BRIDGE.



I.D.E.A.L.S: DEVELOP A CONNECTION: A.C.T.

A.C.T.

MOST INTERACTIONS START WITH SMALL TALK, WHEN WAS THE LAST TIME YOU WERE IN A MEETING THAT DIDN'T START THIS WAY? IT'S A NATURAL WAY FOR PEOPLE TO CONNECT. START WITH A QUESTION THAT WILL BUILD UP TO A CONVERSATION THAT MEETS THE A.C.T. CRITERIA:

A THERE'S AUTHENTICITY

WHAT DOES AUTHENTICITY MEAN TO YOU?

C THERE'S A CONNECTION WHAT DOES CONNECTION MEAN TO YOU?

T THERE'S A TOPIC THAT WILL GIVE THEM TASTE OF WHO YOU ARE WHAT ARE YOUR GO-TO SUBJECTS?



I.D.E.A.L.S: ENGAGE IN CONVERSATION

HOW ARE YOU...GOING TO ASK THE RIGHT QUESTIONS?

WHY BOTHER ASKING A QUESTION THAT IS ALMOST GUARANTEED TO GENERATE NO NEW INFORMATION? THAT'S WHY THE QUESTION, "HOW ARE YOU?," IS IN NEED OF A DRASTIC MAKEOVER.

WHEN ASKING "HOW ARE YOU?", 99% OF THE TIME—WHAT IS THE RESPONSE? "...ALRIGHT" SOMETIMES, THE RESPONDENT DOESN'T EVEN ANSWER, THEY SIMPLY BOUNCE THE QUESTION BACK

LET'S THINK ABOUT ASKING BETTER QUESTIONS, PARTICULARLY IN A WAY THAT SHOWS YOU ARE GENUINELY ASKING ABOUT THE PERSON'S LIFE. OR BETTER YET, IN A WAY THAT SHOWS GENUINE CARE AND LEADS TO NEW INFORMATION THAT CAN INSPIRE POSITIVE ACTION.

SOME OF THOSE QUESTIONS MIGHT BE:

- "WHAT'S ON THE BRIDGE?"
- "HOW'S YOUR BRIDGE?"
- "WHAT'S YOUR CURRENT STATE OF MIND?"
- "WHAT ARE YOU LOOKING FORWARD TO THIS WEEK?"
- "WHAT IS GOING WELL THIS WEEK?"

WHAT ARE EXAMPLES OF A MORE PRODUCTIVE QUESTION THAN 'HOW ARE YOU?'

AS CHAMPIONS, HOW COULD WE USE THIS?



I.D.E.A.L.S: ENGAGE IN CONVERSATION

HOW ARE YOU...GOING TO ASK THE RIGHT QUESTIONS? EXAMPLES FROM YOUR COLLEAGUES ON WHAT SOME OF THOSE QUESTIONS MIGHT BE:

- HAVE ANYTHING THAT INTERESTS YOU GOING ON THIS WEEK? •
- HOW'S YOUR DAY GOING GOOD BAD OR INDIFFERENT?
- HOW DO YOU FEEL TODAY HAPPY, SAD, EXCITED, ETC? •
- WHAT WAS YOUR HIGHLIGHT TODAY?
- WHAT ARE YOUR PLANS FOR THE WEEKEND? •
- WHAT ARE YOU DREADING TODAY?
- WHAT IS NEW WITH YOU? •
- HOW'S YOUR 'INSERT DOGS/KIDS/FAMILY'? •
- WHAT SHOWS ARE YOU BINGEING LATELY? •
- WHAT DID YOU DO DURING THE PANDEMIC? •
- WHAT'S ON YOUR MIND?
- **TALK TO ANYONE LATELY?**
- **HOW WAS YOUR DRIVE IN?** •
- **HOW ARE YOU FEELING TODAY?**
- WHAT COULD YOU USE MORE HELP WITH? •
- **HOW DID YOU SLEEP?** •
- WHAT COULD BE GOING BETTER RIGHT NOW? •
- HOW IS YOUR MOTHER/DAUGHTER/FAMILY? •
- WHAT DID YOU HAVE FOR BREAKFAST? •
- HAVE YOU READ ANY GOOD BOOKS? •
- WHAT'S NEW WITH YOU?
- **HOW'S WORK BEEN RECENTLY?** •
- WORKING ON ANY NEW PROJECTS?
- **HOW IS THE TEAM FEELING?**
- **HOW'S LIFE TREATING YOU?**
- WHAT ARE YOUR PLANS FOR THE NEXT (PERIOD OF TIME)? •
- WHAT ARE YOU HAPPY WITH? ٠
- WHAT DO YOU NEED FROM ME?
- WHAT WOULD YOU DO IF (XYZ) HAPPENED? •
- WHAT ELSE COULD YOU DO? •
- IF YOU DID KNOW THE ANSWER: WHAT WOULD IT BE? •
- HOW WOULD YOU ADVISE SOMEONE ELSE IN THE SAME POSITION? •
- ON A SCALE FROM 4-19, HOW WOULD YOU RATE YOUR MOOD/DAY/WEEK? HOW DO WE GET YOU TO 19?
- OVER THE LAST TWO WEEKS; IF YOU WERE A MOVIE CHARACTER, WHO WOULD YOU BE AND WHY?



I.D.E.A.L.S: MEANINGFUL CONNECTIONS

AS A MENTAL WELLBEING CHAMPION:

IN WHAT KIND OF SETTING SHOULD YOU MEET WITH YOUR COLLEAGUE? WHY?

WHAT KIND OF SEATING ARRANGEMENT? WHY?

IF ANYONE FEELS UNCOMFORTABLE; WHAT COULD YOU DO? WHY?



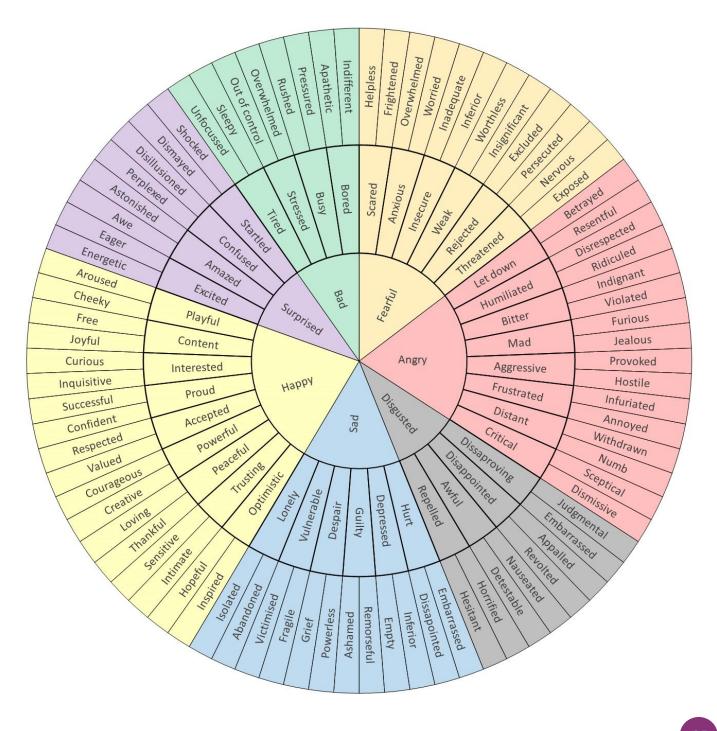
I.D.E.A.L.S: ACTIVELY ENCOURAGE

THE FEELINGS WHEEL

All of us can probably become more precise in identifying what we feel. There is no one way to "map" emotions and how they relate to each other, but the Feelings Wheel, developed by Dr. Gloria Willcox, illustrates the wealth of emotions available to us.

As you can see, the middle wheel contains more specific versions of the feelings in the central wheel. The outer wheel contains common responses to those feelings. So for instance when you're excited you might be more daring, and when you feel hurt you might become more distant.

As Mental Health Champions, how could we use this? As a guide to identify our own emotions? Identify someone else's or help them to determine how they are feeling?





ASSERTIVE COMMUNICATION

ASSERTIVE COMMUNICATION CAN BE H.A.R.D.

HONEST

APPROPRIATE

RESPECTFUL

DIRECT

	PASSIVE		PASSIVE/AGGRESSIVE		AGGRESSIVE
Ν	HONEST	Ν	HONEST	Y	HONEST
Y	APPROPRIATE	N	APPROPRIATE	Ν	APPROPRIATE
Y	RESPECTFUL	N	RESPECTFUL	N	RESPECTFUL
Ν	DIRECT	Ν	DIRECT	Y	DIRECT

PASSIVE	PASSIVE AGGRESSIVE	AGGRESSIVE
(NON-ASSERTIVE)	(INDIRECT RUDENESS)	(RUDE)
 Avoid expressing their ideas or feelings 	 Indirectly express their ideas or feelings 	 One-upmanship, point scoring and put-downs
 Over-asking for permission or clearance 	 Resents or outright opposes the instructions of others, though they may still do what they're told 	 Pursue their own wants and needs in a fashion detrimental to others
 More listening than talking Deflated tone and body 	 Delays finishing a task that someone else requested or 	 Verbally (and/or physically) abusive
 Denaled folie and body language Apologetic, over self- 	makes intentional mistakesHas a sarcastic or argumentative attitude	 Try to dominate, can invade personal space or encroach boundaries
deprecating, could even start a sentence with "Sorry", "I'm probably	 Routinely complains about feeling underappreciated to the wrong people 	 Use humiliation to control
wrong"	Withholds information	Criticise, blame, or attack
 Fail to express their feelings, needs, or 	Criticises/Gossips about others	Be very impulsive
opinions	 Can play 'the victim' 	• Have low frustration tolerance
 Tend to speak softly or apologetically 	 Pretending not to know about a work deadline where a co- worker is counting on them 	 Speak in a loud, demanding, and overbearing voice
• Exhibit poor eye contact	and not getting the work done	 Act threateningly and rudely
and slumped body posture	Backing out commitments last minute	• Do not listen well
	 Social or Professional exclusion - intentionally leaving people out events or meetings 	Interrupt frequentlyUse "you" statements



ASSERTIVE COMMUNICATION

ASSERTIVE COMMUNICATION IS H.A.R.D.

HONEST

APPROPRIATE

RESPECTFUL

DIRECT

Α	SSERTIVE COMMUNICATION STYLE
Y	HONEST
Y	APPROPRIATE
Y	RESPECTFUL
Y	DIRECT
• LISTENS WITHC	OUT INTERRUPTION
• STANDS UP FO	R THEIR RIGHTS BY CLEARLY STATING NEEDS AND
WANTS IN A F	ACTUAL MANNER
• KEEPS A GOO	D DEGREE OF EYE CONTACT
• USES THE APPR	OPRIATE SPEAKING VOLUME
USES CONFIDE	INT BODY LANGUAGE
• USES "I" STA	TEMENTS
COMMUNICA	TES RESPECT FOR OTHERS
• FEELS IN CONT	IROL OF SELF
• SPEAKS IN A C	CALM AND CLEAR TONE OF VOICE
• HAS A RELAXE	D BODY POSTURE
• FEELS CONNEG	CTED TO OTHERS
• IS ACCOUNTA	BLE FOR THEIR OWN MISTAKES
• TAKES RESPON	ISIBILITY TO MAKE AMENDS
• DOES NOT ALL	OW OTHERS TO ABUSE OR MANIPULATE THEM
• CAN GIVE AN	OPINION OR SAY HOW THEY FEEL
• CAN ASK FOR	WHAT THEY WANT OR NEED
• CAN DISAGRE	E RESPECTFULLY
• CAN OFFER ID	EAS AND SUGGESTIONS
• CAN SAY NO	WITHOUT FEELING GUILTY
• CAN SPEAK UI	P FOR SOMEONE ELSE WHEN APPROPRIATE



A-B-C-REQUEST FORMULA

IT CAN BE DIFFICULT COMMUNICATING AND EXPRESSING <u>YOUR OWN</u> THOUGHTS, FEELINGS, AND OPINIONS IN A WAY THAT MAKES YOU UNDERSTOOD BY OTHERS, WHILST NOT DISMISSING THE OTHER PERSON'S THOUGHTS, FEELINGS, OR OPINIONS. EASIER SAID THAN DONE? IT'S OK, WE HAVE A FORMULA: A - B - C - REQUEST!

А	В	С	REQUEST
ISTATEMENT	NAME THE BEHAVIOUR	SPECIFIC EXAMPLE	PROPOSE AN OUTCOME
l felt supported and acknowledged	when you recognised my effort whilst giving me feedback	yesterday morning	and I would like you to use that approach with me in the future
l felt angry and humiliated	when you criticised me	in front of the chil- dren in Monday	and I would like you to discuss things with me in private in a respectful manner in the future
l feel worried	if you don't call me	when you work away	and I would like you to call or text to let me know you
l was late and felt disappointed	because you used all of the petrol/gas	after you used my car on Wednesday	I would like you to leave enough for me from now on
I feel unappreciat- ed and demotivated	if you don't say 'Thank you'	when I help you	I would like you to do this because it is important to me and I want to keep helping you
l feel loved	when you hug me	When you come home	let's do more of that!

А	В	С	REQUEST
ISTATEMENT	NAME THE BEHAVIOUR	SPECIFIC EXAMPLE	PROPOSE AN OUTCOME

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I.D.E.A.L.S: LISTENING EMPATHETICALLY

SYMPATHY: feelings of pity and sorrow for someone else's misfortune.

EMPATHY: the ability to understand and share the feelings of another.

HOW MANY TIMES HAVE YOU BEEN AMAZED AT HOW COMMUNICATION CAN GO BADLY WRONG?

HOW EASY IT IS FOR THE SLIGHTEST GESTURE OR TONE OF VOICE TO BE TAKEN THE WRONG WAY?

AS YOU WILL KNOW AS A CHAMPION IT IS IMPORTANT TO PUT YOURSELF IN OTHER PEOPLE'S SHOES AND PROVIDE EMOTIONAL SUPPORT. WHEN ENGAGING WITH YOUR PERSON, CONSIDER PROFESSOR ALBERT MEHRABIAN'S COMMUNICATION MODEL, WHICH STATES THE FOLLOWING PERCENTAGES WHEN COMMUNICATING FEELINGS OR ATTITUDES:

- BODY LANGUAGE / FACIAL EXPRESSION ACCOUNTS FOR **55%** OF MEANING
- TONE OF VOICE ACCOUNTS FOR 38%
- WORDS ACCOUNT FOR JUST 7%

UNDERSTANDING SOMEONE'S BODY LANGUAGE IS VITAL WHEN COMMUNICATING AND EMPATHISING WITH THEIR CURRENT STATE.

PROVIDING EMOTIONAL SUPPORT DOESN'T MEAN ACTING AS A COUNSELLOR OR THERAPIST, BUT AS A CHAMPION/AMBASSADOR YOU HAVE AN INTEREST IN MAINTAINING GOOD RELATIONSHIPS AND A PRODUCTIVE WORKPLACE, SO THERE ARE MANY PRACTICAL WAYS YOU CAN SUPPORT YOUR PEOPLE.







I.D.E.A.L.S: LISTENING EMPATHETICALLY

Empathy mapping is an invaluable tool that we can use to better our empathetic listening skills, and help us to gain a deeper understanding of not just individuals that we may be helping but any individual.

Thinking:

What are their concerns, goals, and priorities? By delving into their cognitive processes, we can gain insights into the rational aspects of their decision-making and understand the logic behind their actions.

Feeling

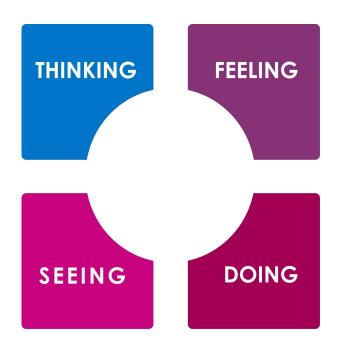
Emotions play a crucial role in shaping human behaviour. Empathy mapping encourages us to explore the emotional landscape of others. What are their fears, joys, frustrations, and aspirations?

Seeing:

The "seeing" dimension revolves around the external environment and how individuals perceive the world around them. What are the physical spaces, social interactions, and cultural influences that shape their experiences? By considering their point of view, we can better grasp the external factors influencing their thoughts and emotions.

Doing:

Actions speak louder than words. Understanding the behaviours and actions of individuals is a key component of empathy mapping. What are their habits, routines, and responses to different situations? By examining their observable behaviours, we can uncover valuable insights into the motivations behind their actions.





- WHAT ACTION MAKES THE DIFFERENCE IN FEELING COMFORTABLE AND ACKNOWLEDGED BY SOMEONE, EVEN IF THEY ARE DISAGREEING WITH WHAT YOU SAY?
- HOW IS IT THAT SOME PEOPLE YOU MEET YOU INSTANTLY LIKE WHILE OTHERS YOU CAN'T GET AWAY FROM FAST ENOUGH?
- WHY CAN YOU TALK TO SOME PEOPLE FOR HOURS AND IT SEEMS LIKE MINUTES?

THE ANSWER TO ALL OF THESE QUESTIONS IS <u>RAPPORT</u> - THE MOST IMPORTANT PROCESS IN ANY COMMUNICATION.

RAPPORT IS THE ABILITY TO ENTER SOMEONE ELSE'S WORLD, TO MAKE THEM FEEL THAT YOU UNDERSTAND THEM, THAT YOU HAVE A STRONG COMMON BOND. RAPPORT IS THE ABILITY TO SEE EACH OTHER'S POINT OF VIEW (NOT NECESSARILY TO AGREE WITH IT), TO BE ON THE SAME WAVELENGTH AND TO APPRECIATE EACH OTHER'S FEELINGS.

MIRRORING & MATCHING

AN EFFECTIVE TECHNIQUE IN ESTABLISHING RAPPORT QUICKLY IS TO MIRROR AND MATCH ELEMENTS OF A PERSON'S BEHAVIOUR DURING COMMUNICATION, SUCH AS BODY LANGUAGE AND TONE.

PAYING ATTENTION TO JUST THESE TWO ELEMENTS CAN MAKE YOU MOST LIKE THE OTHER PERSON WITHOUT THEIR BEING AWARE THAT THIS IS OCCURRING – THAT'S THE KEY TO BUILDING EMPATHY.

MIRRORING

REFERS TO THE SIMULTANEOUS 'COPYING' OF THE BEHAVIOUR OF ANOTHER PERSON, AS IF REFLECTING THEIR MOVEMENTS BACK TO THEM.

WHEN DONE WITH SKILL AND DISCRETION, MIRRORING CREATES A POSITIVE FEELING AND RESPONSIVENESS IN YOU AND OTHERS.

MATCHING

REFERS TO YOUR RESPONSE OVER A LONGER PERIOD OF TIME; IF THE PERSON UNCROSSES THEIR LEGS AND LEANS TO ONE SIDE WHILE SPEAKING, YOU SHOULD WAIT FOR A FEW SECONDS AND THEN DISCRETELY ADOPT THE SAME POSTURE.

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TYPICAL WORK-RELATED MENTAL HEALTH SCENARIOS

CHOOSE ONE OF THE SCENARIOS AND UTILISE THE MIRROR/MATCHING TECHNIQUE. THINK ABOUT MEHRABIAN'S THREE ELEMENTS OF COMMUNICATION: BODY LANGUAGE, TONE AND WORDS.

ACT LIKE A MIRROR - REFLECT BACK WHAT YOU THINK THE SPEAKER IS SAYING AND FEELING:

PERSON 1: "I JUST FEEL REALLY ANNOYED THAT WHATEVER I SAY, PEOPLE NEVER TAKE NOTICE"

PERSON 2: "SO YOU FEEL LIKE YOU'RE NOT BEING LISTENED TO...'

SUGGESTION: COULD THE FEELINGS WHEEL HELP YOU HERE?

SCENARIO 1: JACK (NEW STARTER)

JACK IS A NEW STARTER TO THE COMPANY AND ONLY JOINED 2 MONTHS AGO. HE IS STILL IN HIS PROBATIONARY PERIOD. YOU NOTICE THAT JACK HAS HAD A LOT OF DAYS OFF IN THIS TIME AND IS ISOLATING HIMSELF FROM THE REST OF HIS COLLEAGUES AND DECLINING SOCIAL EVENTS. HE TENDS TO GET EXTREMELY ANXIOUS WHEN SPEAKING TO COLLEAGUES.

HOW WOULD YOU BEST APPROACH JACK?

SCENARIO 2 : JULIA (REMOTE WORKER)

JULIA IS A SALES MANAGER WHO WORKS FROM HOME AND RARELY GOES INTO THE OFFICE. SHE MANAGES A SMALL TEAM OF 4 OTHER EMPLOYEES REMOTELY. JULIA HAS WORKED AT THE COMPANY FOR 20 YEARS. IT HAS BEEN BROUGHT TO YOUR ATTENTION THAT RECENTLY JULIA HAS NOT BEEN REPLYING TO HER EMAILS AS FREQUENTLY OR GETTING INVOLVED IN THE MONTHLY SOCIAL EVENTS AS SHE USUALLY DOES. JULIA HAS ALSO BEEN MISSING DEADLINES AND NOT KEEPING IN TOUCH WITH HER DIRECT **REPORTS AS MUCH.**

HOW WOULD YOU BEST APPROACH JULIA?

SCENARIO 3: TOM (PROLONGED SICKNESS/RETURN TO WORK)

TOM HAS WORKED IN THE FINANCE DEPARTMENT FOR 1 YEAR. HOWEVER, HE RECENTLY HAS BEEN SIGNED OFF WORK WITH DEPRESSION. THIS IS HIS FIRST WEEK BACK IN THE OF-FICE AFTER 2 WEEKS. TOM IS SETTLING BACK IN BUT HE IS STILL NOT 100% HIMSELF.

HOW WOULD YOU BEST APPROACH TOM?

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EMPATHY MAPPING EXERCISE

Choose a scenario from the previous page. With a partner/small group discuss and map out the potential thoughts, feelings, sights, and actions that the individuals in these scenarios might experience, offering a deeper understanding and empathy for the challenges faced by many in conflict zones.

THINKING	FEELING
SEEING	DOING



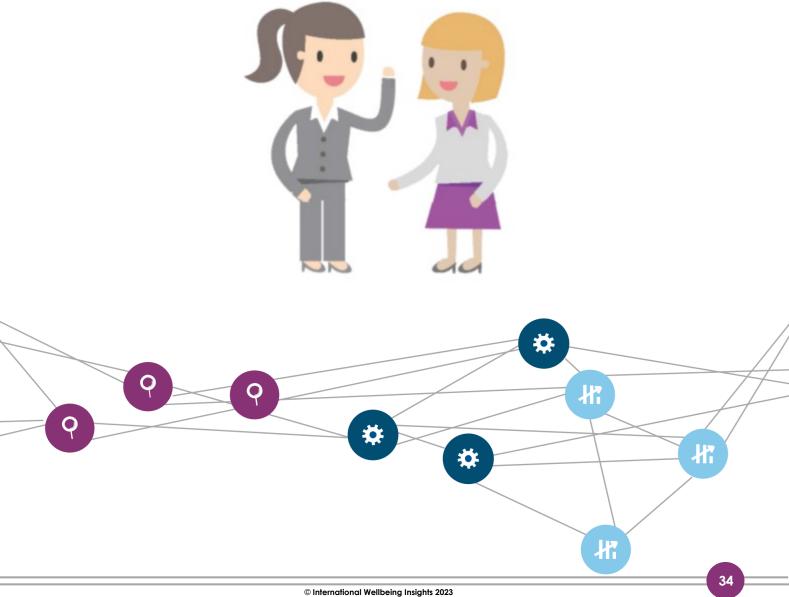
BUILDING RAPPORT: PACING & LEADING

PACING AND LEADING

IT HAS BEEN SUGGESTED THAT THE WORST THING ONE CAN SAY TO SOMEBODY WHO IS UPSET OR IN AN AGITATED STATE IS "CALM DOWN" - THIS CAN BE LIKE A RED RAG TO A BULL!

PACING AND LEADING IS A TECHNIQUE THAT MATCHES SOMEONE'S BEHAVIOUR EXACTLY, FOLLOWING THEIR SPEECH PATTERNS AND BODY LANGUAGE. WHEN IT CHANGES, MATCHING THEIR SEQUENCE OF EVENTS. HAVING ESTABLISHED RAPPORT BY PACING, YOU CAN LEAD THEM THE WAY YOU WANT TO.

FOR EXAMPLE, IF A PERSON APPROACHES YOU WITH A PANICKED VOICE AND MOVEMENTS, MATCH IT WITH THE SAME ENERGY AND EMOTION. ONCE THEY'RE AWARE OF THIS, SLOWLY CALM YOUR TONE AND ACTIONS. THIS SHOULD LEAD THEM TO A CALMER BEHAVIOUR.



020 3142 8650; Web www.wellbeing.work Email support@stress.org.uk; Reproduction in any form without the written consent of International Wellbeing Insights is prohibited. All rights reserved. TYPICAL WORK-RELATED MENTAL HEALTH SCENARIOS

CHOOSE ONE OF THE SCENARIOS AND UTILISE THE PACING & LEADING TECHNIQUE— AGAIN, BE MINDFUL ABOUT MEHRABIAN'S THREE ELEMENTS OF COMMUNICATION: BODY LANGUAGE, TONE AND WORDS

A: USING ONE THE SCENARIOS LEAD THE CONVERSATION, CHOOSE A PARTICULAR EXAGGERATED EMOTION B: SUBTLY MATCH A'S TONE OF VOICE AND BODY LANGUAGE

NOTICE THE QUALITY OF COMMUNICATION: IS THE FLOW OF INFORMATION SMOOTH OR DIFFICULT? IS THERE A FEELING OF RAPPORT OR NOT?

B: AFTER A FEW MINUTES OF SMOOTH, FLOWING CONVERSATION, ALTER YOUR VOICE TO BE VERY DIFFERENT FROM OTHER PERSON'S IN TONE AND TEMPO. NOTICE WHAT IMPACT THIS CHANGE HAS ON THE QUALITY OF THE COMMUNICATION. B: CHANGE BACK TO MATCHING THE OTHER PERSON'S VOICE QUALITY AND NOTICE HOW YOU ARE ABLE TO REGAIN THE RAPPORT THAT ENABLES A SMOOTH FLOW OF CONVERSATION.

SCENARIO 4: DAISY (CHANGE IN BEHAVIOUR)

DAISY IS AN OFFICE ASSISTANT WHO HAS BEEN WORKING AT THE COMPANY FOR 3 YEARS. OVER THE PAST 2 WEEKS DAISY HAS BEEN VERY QUIET IN THE OFFICE AND HAS NOT BEEN TAKING PART IN SOCIAL ACTIVITIES INSIDE OR OUTSIDE OF WORK WITH HER COLLEAGUES. THIS IS UNLIKE DAISY AS USUALLY SHE HAS AN OUTGOING PERSONALITY AND LIKES TO GET INVOLVED. DAISY'S COLLEAGUES HAVE APPROACHED HER TO SEE IF THERE WAS ANYTHING WRONG AND SHE SAID NO. HOWEVER, SHE HAS STILL NOT BEEN ACTING LIKE HERSELF.

HOW WOULD YOU BEST APPROACH DAISY?

SCENARIO 5: PETER (STIGMA)

PETER HAS JUST BEEN PROMOTED FROM THE ROLE OF HR ADMINISTRATOR TO HR ADVISOR AND HAS NOW BEEN GIVEN LINE MANAGER RESPONSIBILITY. HE HAS TAKEN ON A NEW ROLE WITH A HIGHER WORKLOAD AND RESPONSIBILITY. YOU ARE MADE AWARE THAT PETER HAS COMMENTED THAT HE IS FINDING IT DIFFICULT AND IS FEELING INCREASINGLY STRESSED. HOWEVER, PETER IS WORRIED ABOUT BEING HONEST THROUGH FEAR OF BEING DEMOTED AND HAVING OTHERS FEEL THAT HE IS INCOMPETENT TO DO THE ROLE.

HOW WOULD YOU BEST APPROACH PETER?

SCENARIO 6: PAULA (PRESENTEEISM)

PAULA IS A MARKETING EXECUTIVE WHO HAS BEEN WORKING AT THE COMPANY FOR 2 YEARS. YOU HAVE NOTICED RECENTLY THAT PAULA IS ALWAYS THE FIRST PERSON IN THE OFFICE AND IS STILL WORKING WHEN EVERYONE HAS LEFT FOR THE EVENING. SHE HAS BEEN LOGGING INTO HER EMAILS FROM HOME AND HAS MENTIONED THAT SHE IS FIND-ING IT DIFFICULT TO SWITCH OFF FROM WORK. PAULA IS NO LONGER GOING TO THE GYM BEFORE WORK AND PARTICIPATING IN HER USUAL HOBBIES AS SHE NORMALLY DOES AND RARELY TAKES HER LUNCH BREAKS.

HOW WOULD YOU BEST APPROACH PAULA?

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EMPATHY MAPPING EXERCISE

Choose a scenario from the previous page. With a partner/small group discuss and map out the potential thoughts, feelings, sights, and actions that the individuals in these scenarios might experience, offering a deeper understanding and empathy for the challenges faced by many in conflict zones.

THINKING	FEELING
SEEING	DOING





RECOGNISE DIFFERENCES BETWEEN INDIVIDUALS IN AND APPRECIATE THEM EMBRACE THE TRAITS THAT THE INDIVIDUALS HAVE E.G. APPROACH AN INTROVERT DIFFERENTLY TO AN EXTROVERT TO GAIN THE BEST RESPONSE FROM THEM.

LISTEN: CREATE OPPORTUNITIES FOR THEM TO TELL YOU THEIR OPINIONS AND FEELINGS WITHOUT JUDGING OR INTERRUPTING THEM.

ASK QUESTIONS TO BETTER UNDERSTAND THE INDIVIDUAL IN FRONT OF YOU E.G. "DO YOU PREFER STRUCTURE OR FLEXIBILITY"?

INFORM YOURSELF ABOUT MENTAL ILL HEALTH SUCH AS DEPRESSION AND ANXIETY IN ORDER TO PRE-EMPT ANY MISUNDERSTANDINGS SHOULD COLLEAGUES APPROACH YOU ABOUT THIS

PROMOTE AND EXEMPLIFY: ROLE MODEL GOOD PRACTICE IN PERSONAL RESILIENCE INCLUDING WORK/LIFE BALANCE

USE A BUDDY SYSTEM TO SUPPORT YOUNGER, LESS EXPERIENCED EMPLOYEES WHO MAY BE LESS ABLE TO COPE WITH EMOTIONAL DEMANDS. PAIR THEM UP WITH AN EXPERIENCED 'BUDDY' WITHIN THE COMPANY; SOMEONE THEY CAN TURN TO DURING THE EARLY STAGE OF THEIR CAREER AND ASK FOR ADVICE WHEN NEEDED

ESTABLISH REGULAR MEETINGS WHERE EMPLOYEES CAN SHARE AND 'OFFLOAD' THEIR EMOTIONAL ISSUES AND SUPPORT EACH OTHER. PEER SUPPORT IS A GREAT MECHANISM TO ALLEVIATE EMOTIONAL STRESS

ENCOURAGE AN OPEN, HONEST DISCUSSION ABOUT MENTAL HEALTH, WELLBEING AND STRESS THAT ACKNOWLEDGES THAT IT IS NOT A WEAKNESS BUT COMMON HUMAN TRAIT

ACKNOWLEDGE THAT EACH EMPLOYEE HAS DIFFERENT LEVELS OF RESILIENCE/DIFFERENT BRIDGE... AND THAT...

REMEMBER...

WE'RE NOT ROBOTS - IT'S OK, NOT TO BE OK!

HOME-BASED AND REMOTE WORKERS



SOME ADVANTAGES AND DISADVANTAGES OF WORKING FROM HOME/REMOTELY

POSITIVES

- WORKING IN A DIFFERENT WORKPLACE THAN YOUR TEAM MAY ENTAIL LESS TRAVEL AS YOU CAN THEN BE BASED IN THE **CLOSEST WORKPLACE TO YOUR HOME.**
- MANY WORKERS FIND THEY CAN MANAGE THE DEMANDS OF THEIR WORK AND HOME LIFE BETTER WHEN WORKING FROM HOME.
- ACCOMMODATION OF THE NEEDS OF **STAFF WHO ARE UNABLE TO WORK** STANDARD SHIFTS AND TIMES.
- POSSIBILITY OF A MORE EQUAL SHARING **OF CHILD CARE RESPONSIBILITIES BETWEEN** WOMEN AND MEN.
- WORKING REMOTELY FROM OTHER TEAM MEMBERS MAY POTENTIALLY LEAD TO A MORE FOCUSSED WORKING ATMOSPHERE.
- **BEING AWAY FROM YOUR TEAM AS A** MANAGER MAY LEAD TO YOUR STAFF THINKING ABOUT HOW IMPORTANT A **QUESTION IS BEFORE MAKING THE EFFORT** TO CONTACT YOU.

NEGATIVES

- HOME-BASED WORKERS AND THOSE WHO WORK REMOTELY CAN FEEL ISOLATED.
- WITH LESS FACE-TO-FACE COMMUNICA-TION, IT IS HARDER TO JUDGE SOMEONE'S **EMOTIONAL REACTIONS**
- WORKING REMOTELY MAY LEAD TO NON-VERBAL CUES OF AN INDIVIDUAL GOING UNNOTICED E.G. A MORE OUT-GOING INDIVIDUAL BECOMING MORE **INTROVERTED.**
- SOME HOMEWORKERS FEEL THEY PUT IN **MORE HOURS WITHOUT LUNCH BREAKS.**
- MANY FIND IT HARD TO SWITCH OFF WHEN THERE IS NO SPATIAL DIVIDE **BETWEEN HOME AND WORK.**
- AS A MANAGER WORKING REMOTELY. YOU MAY BE LESS AWARE OF YOUR **TEAM'S DYNAMICS.**
- BEING BASED IN A DIFFERENT AREA TO YOUR TEAM CAN MEAN LESS INCLUSION IN PROBLEM SOLVING PROCESSES.

WHAT ABOUT SOME OF YOUR OWN THOUGHTS?

POSITIVES	NEGATIVES

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WELLBEING ADVICE FOR REMOTE WORKING

ENSURE THE REMOTE WORKER FEELS CONNECTED

KEEP THE DIALOGUE OPEN, ACCESSIBLE AND UP TO DATE IN ORDER TO REMOVE FEELINGS OF ALIENATION; TO BENEFIT THE TEAM. DEDICATE TIME TO MEETING REGULARLY BUT ENSURE THAT THESE ARE FOCUSSED MEETINGS E.G. DISCUSSING WHERE ON A PROJECT TIMELINE THEY ARE OR WHAT THE NEXT STEPS MIGHT BE.

KEEP A HEALTHY WORK/LIFE BALANCE

IT CAN BE TEMPTING TO KEEP ON WORKING BECAUSE WE ARE IN A COMFORTABLE ENVIRONMENT OR WE DON'T NEED TO TRAVEL HOME. FINISHING THE WORKING DAY AT THE RIGHT TIME IS IMPORTANT SO OUR WORK/LIFE BALANCE DOESN'T SUFFER.

VISIBILITY AND ACCESSIBILITY

REGULAR COMMUNICATION OF AVAILABILITY ALLOWS FOR FLEXIBILITY WITHIN A TEAM, MAKE SURE THE TEAM ALL INFORM WHEN THEY ARE AVAILABLE OR CAN CONTACT EACH FOR ANY SUPPORT, NEW UPDATES OR ENQUIRIES.

COMMUNICATE CONFIDENTLY AND CONSISTENTLY

PROVIDE UPDATES ON STRATEGIES AND PLANS FOR THE NEXT THREE MONTHS. ENSURE ALL EMPLOYEES UNDERSTAND WHERE THEY, THE TEAM AND THE COMPANY STANDS, THE DIRECTION THEY ARE TAKING AND PROGRESS TOWARD KEY GOALS.

WORKING REMOTELY PROVIDES GREATER AUTONOMY

TRUSTING THAT TEAM MEMBERS ARE WORKING AS EXPECTED WILL PROVIDE THEM WITH GREATER AUTONOMY. ENSURE THAT THEY HAVE A HANDLE ON THEIR WORKLOAD BY HAVING REGULAR 1-2-1S, CHECK-INS FOCUSSED ON WORK TASKS AND EFFECTIVE PLANNING WITH APPROPRIATE TIMESCALES.

KEEP IN MIND THE WELLBEING OF THE REMOTE WORKER

WHILST THE REMOTE WORKER HAS GREATER AUTONOMY, THEIR WELLBEING SHOULD BE ENSURED JUST LIKE ALL OTHER EMPLOYEES AS IT IS VERY EASY FOR PEOPLE TO BECOME WITHDRAWN WHILST WORKING FROM REMOTELY. FOR EXAMPLE, BY MAKING SURE THEY HAVE AND TAKE A SUFFICIENT LUNCH BREAK EACH DAY.

ENSURE THAT ADEQUATE BREAKS ARE TAKEN TO RESET AND RECHARGE

MANY REMOTE WORKERS DON'T STOP FOR A LUNCH BREAK, IT IS QUITE TYPICAL FOR REMOTE WORKERS TO EXPERIENCE FEELINGS OF GUILT FOR TAKING BREAKS OR THEY PERHAPS OVER-COMPENSATE DUE TO THE FEAR OF BEING SEEN AS LAZY. HOWEVER, HAVING A BREAK WILL ALLOW THEM TO RE-FUEL AND WORK MORE EFFICIENTLY.

SHARE EFFECTIVE TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES FOR MAINTAINING PRODUCTIVITY

SHARING THE TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES YOU USE YOURSELF WHILST WORKING REMOTELY MAY HELP TO ALIGN AND SHARE THE LOAD.

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WELLBEING ADVICE FOR REMOTE WORKING

EFFECTIVE COMMUNICATION IS KEY FOR A REMOTE WORKING

IT IS IMPORTANT TO COMMUNICATE ALL ASPECTS OF THE BUSINESS OFTEN, AND KEEP THEM IN THE LOOP WITH NEW UPDATES, EVENTS AND ENQUIRIES.

HOW WE KEPT UP TO DATE WITH EACH OTHER IN THE WORKPLACE WILL BE DIFFERENT WHEN WORKING REMOTELY. FIND NEW WAYS OF WORKING WITH YOUR TEAM BECAUSE WHAT WORKED IN THE WORKPLACE MAY NOT APPLY TO REMOTE SETTINGS - THE TECH-NOLOGY IS THERE TO HELP WITH THIS.

BE ON THE LOOKOUT FOR SYMPTOMS OF POOR COMMUNICATION

SCOPE CREEP

AN INCREASE IN DELIVERABLES OR ADDITION OF NEW REQUIREMENTS - AFTER THE TASK HAS BEEN APPROVED AND STARTED. SCOPE CREEP IS THE ENEMY OF DEADLINES AND SUCCESSFUL COMPLETION.

SILOS

WHEN A PERSON OR TEAM IS CUT OFF FROM THE REST OF THE ORGANISATION, A SILO FORMS. TEAMS THAT ARE UNABLE (OR UNWILLING) TO SHARE INFORMATION WITH PEERS ACROSS THE COMPANY ARE INEFFICIENT AND CAN DAMAGE THE CULTURE.

RUMOURS

PEOPLE WILL MAKE UP WHAT THEY DON'T KNOW, AND A LACK OF CLEAR COMMUNICATION CAN CREATE THE IDEAL ENVIRONMENT FOR THEORIES AND SPECULATION - TRUST IN LEADERSHIP WILL ERODE, AND ALONG WITH IT FOCUS AND PRODUCTIVITY.

BE MINDFUL THAT SOME REMOTE WORKERS WORK FLEXIBLE WORKING HOURS FOR A REASON

THEY MAY HAVE COMMITMENTS, HEALTH REASONS AND CULTURAL HOLIDAYS THAT THEY NEED TO ATTEND TO. DUE TO THIS, EFFECTIVE PLANNING IS IMPORTANT TO HELP PEOPLE BE CLEAR OF EXPECTATIONS AND TO ENSURE EVERYONE IS AWARE OF WHAT'S GOING ON WITH DIFFERENT PIECES OF WORK.



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WELLBEING ADVICE FOR REMOTE WORKING

REMEMBER TO KEEP A SUFFICIENT WORK-LIFE BALANCE

IT CAN BE TEMPTING TO KEEP ON WORKING BECAUSE YOU ARE IN A COMFORTABLE ENVIRONMENT OR YOU DON'T NEED TO TRAVEL HOME. FINISHING YOUR WORKING DAY AT THE RIGHT TIME IS IMPORTANT SO YOUR WORK LIFE BALANCE DOESN'T SUFFER.

REMOTE WORKERS ARE 20% MORE PRODUCTIVE THAN THEIR WORKPLACE COUNTER-PARTS

THIS MAY BECAUSE THERE IS NO WORKPLACE DISTRACTIONS. HOWEVER MAKING SURE THERE ARE NO DISTRACTIONS IN YOUR REMOTE WORKING AREA IS IMPORTANT TO ENSURING YOU WORK PRODUCTIVELY.

IT IS ESSENTIAL THAT YOU HAVE A PROPER WORKING ENVIRONMENT

WITH THE SUFFICIENT WORKPLACE EQUIPMENT AND FURNITURE SO THAT YOU CAN WORK EFFECTIVELY AND COMFORTABLY.

THERE WILL BE FEWER OPPORTUNITIES TO HAVE CONTACT WITH AN EMPLOYEE WHEN THEY ARE WORKING REMOTELY

IT IS ESSENTIAL TO HAVE TRUSTING RELATIONSHIP WITH THE REMOTE WORKER TO ALLOW THEM TO WORK SUFFICIENTLY AND INDEPENDENTLY.

CAMERAS ON

IT IS PREFERABLE, BUT NOT MANDATORY TO HAVE THE CAMERA ON DURING VIDEO CALLS ALL OF THE TIME. HOWEVER, BY NOT SEEING EACH OTHER WE ARE MISSING OUT ON 55% OF OUR COMMUNICATION AND AN OPPORTUNITY TO SEE IF THE REMOTE WORKER IS SAFE AND OK. COME TO AN AGREEMENT TO HAVE EYE CONTACT AT LEAST MOST OF THE TIME.

IT IS IMPORTANT TO MAINTAIN THE MOTIVATION OF THE REMOTE EMPLOYEE

ONE WAY TO DO THIS IS TO ACKNOWLEDGE EFFORT. BY MAKING SURE THAT THEY ARE RECEIVING SPECIFIC AND APPROPRIATE RECOGNITION FOR ANY GOOD WORK. THE SMALL THINGS COUNT BUT ALSO FALL BY THE WAYSIDE UNDER PRESSURE AND DISTANCE. ANOTHER WAY TO DO THIS IS TO HAVE REGULAR 1-2-1S, CONVERSATIONS AND TEMPERATURE CHECKS OF HOW THEY ARE FEEING IN REGARD TO THEIR WORKLOAD.

PAY ATTENTION TO LANGUAGE

BE MINDFUL OF LANGUAGE USED DURING CONVERSATIONS OR IN EMAILS; IS THERE ANYTHING OUT OF THE ORDINARY? COULD THE FEELINGS WHEEL HELP YOU TO CHECK OR IDENTIFY THE REAL MEANING OF LANGUAGE HERE?

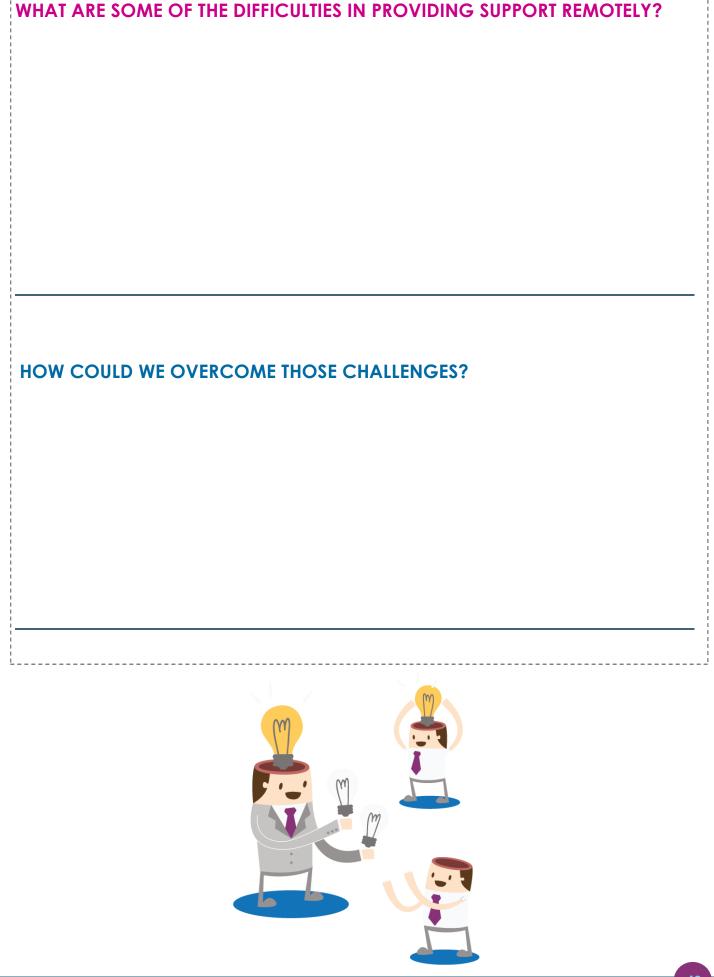


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PROVIDING SUPPORT FOR REMOTE WORKERS





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THE 9.00am EXERCISE: I.D.E.A.L.S.

IT IS 9.00 AM ON A MONDAY MORNING AND A MEMBER OF YOUR TEAM HAS JUST CALLED YOU TO INFORM YOU THAT THEY ARE "FINE BUT HAVE A TWO-WEEK MEDICAL EXEMPTION FOR STRESS".

USUALLY, THEY ARE THE 'FUN PERSON' IN THE WORKPLACE, BUT OVER THE LAST THREE OR FOUR WEEKS THEY HAVE BEEN SHOWING SIGNS OF DISTRESS. THEY HAVE BEEN COMING TO WORK LATE, THEIR PRODUCTIVITY HAS DECREASED, AND THEIR MOOD IS LOW. THEY HAVE BEEN ACTING OUT OF CHARACTER, HAVE BEEN WITHDRAWN AND UNAPPROACHABLE.

THERE HAVE BEEN RUMOURS OF 'SOMETHING GOING ON' IN THEIR PRIVATE LIFE, BUT NOBODY HAS WANTED TO ASK BECAUSE TALKING TO THIS PERSON ISN'T AS ENJOYABLE AS IT NORMALLY IS AND THEY DON'T WANT TO PRY.

THIS MORNING, THIS MEMBER OF YOUR TEAM SOUNDS A LITTLE 'STRANGE' - JUST ENOUGH FOR YOU TO NOTICE, BUT YOU'RE NOT SURE. WHAT DO YOU DO ? HOW WOULD YOU RESPOND?

IDENTIFY EARLY INDICATORS OF MENTAL ILL-HEALTH (SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS)

DEVELOP A CONNECTION (A.C.T)

ENGAGE IN CONVERSATION (ASKING BETTER QUESTIONS)

ACTIVELY ENCOURAGE (FEELINGS WHEEL, ABC REQUEST FORMULA)

LISTEN EMPATHETICALLY (LET THEM FINISH, MIRROR/MATCHING, PACING & LEADING)

SUPPORT AND SIGNPOST (WHERE IS THEIR SUPPORT? WHAT DO THEY NEED FROM YOU? FOLLOW-UP)

43



9.00am EXERCISE: SAFEGUARDING

ACKNOWLEDGE

eg: "I'M SORRY THAT YOU'RE FEELING THAT WAY". MAKE THEM FEEL HEARD AND UNDERSTOOD.

SAFETY

WHAT IS THE RISK HERE? ARE THEY OK? DO THEY HAVE SUPPORT? ARE THEY ALONE? IF YOU'RE NOT SURE, ASK!

SUPPORT

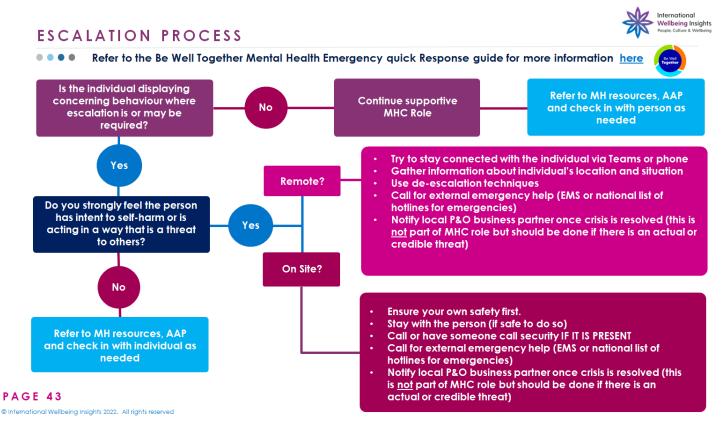
WHERE IS THE SUPPORT? DO THEY KNOW WHERE TO GO TO? WHAT DO THEY NEED?

BRIDGE/WORKLOAD

"DON'T WORRY ABOUT ANYTHING HERE, YOU'RE THE MOST IMPORTANT THING. WE CAN REVISIT THAT LATER UNLESS YOU WOULD FEEL BETTER TO TELL ME NOW"

REVISIT

DO YOU FOLLOW-UP? WHEN? WHO WOULD THEY FEEL COMFORTABLE WITH? CLOSE THE LOOP



Refer to the Be Well Together Mental Health Emergency quick Response guide for more information here

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RISK ASSESSMENT GOOD PRACTICE

IDENTIFY EARLY INDICATORS OF MENTAL ILL-HEALTH DEVELOP A CONNECTION ENGAGE IN CONVERSATION ACTIVELY ENCOURAGE LISTEN EMPATHETICALLY SUPPORT AND SIGNPOST

INTERNATIONAL WELLBEING INSIGHTS TAKES DUTY OF CARE VERY SERIOUSLY.

IF YOU FEEL UNSURE, FEEL THAT YOUR BOUNDARIES ARE BEING COMPROMISED OR THAT YOU HAVE COME TO THE END OF WHAT YOU ARE COMFORTABLE HANDLING AS A MENTAL HEALTH CHAMPION - STOP AND SEEK ADVICE.

THE COLLEAGUE IN QUESTION CAN BE SIGNPOSTED TO THE CRISIS TEAM OR COMMUNITY MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES FOR THAT COUNTRY, HUMAN RESOURCES SHOULD SUPPLY THE SERVICE'S NUMBERS AND ENCOURAGE THE COLLEAGUE TO MAKE CONTACT.

HUMAN RESOURCES COULD PHONE THE SUPPORT RESOURCES FOR ADVICE BUT WOULD NEED PERMISSION FROM THE COLLEAGUE TO PASS ON ANY PERSONAL DETAILS.

BE CLEAR: YOU OR THE EMPLOYER CANNOT REFER OR DISCUSS ON THE COLLEAGUE'S BEHALF WITHOUT CONSENT.

IF THE COLLEAGUE IS DEEMED TO BE A RISK OF HARM TO THEMSELVES OR OTHERS – THEN IT IS A DIFFERENT SITUATION ENTIRELY. CONTACT THE AUTHORITIES FOR ADVICE AND/OR TO REPORT. THIS IS THEIR AREA OF EXPERTISE, NOT YOURS - THEY'VE DONE THIS BEFORE, YOU HAVEN'T!

AT LEAST YOU WILL BE IN A POSITION TO ACTUALLY TO HAVE TO DEAL WITH THE REPERCUSSIONS OF REPORTING THE COLLEAGUE THAN TO DO NOTHING AND WISH YOU HAD.

IT'S BETTER TO REGRET SOMETHING YOU DID, THAN SOMETHING YOU DIDN'T DO - ESPECIALLY IF THIS IS A RISK TO SOMEONE'S SAFETY.

IN ADDITION, IF AT ANY TIME YOU ARE AWARE OF ANY ILLEGALITY, YOU ARE DUTY BOUND TO ALERT THE RELEVANT AUTHORITIES.

ALWAYS FOLLOW-UP AND CLOSE THE LOOP





MARS SUPPORT RESOURCES: CLICK THE LINK TO GO TO THE RE-

• Find your local Associate Assistance Program provider

<u>Connect with the Mars Ombudsman Team</u>

•Contact your local Associate Health & Wellbeing Team for further national services

• Global Be Well Together Site

• Mars Energy Management

• Associate Health & Wellbeing - Mental health (mars.com)

•<u>MAS Hub (Mars Associate Survey)</u>

•<u>MVH4You</u>

- •<u>ASK Training</u>
- LinkedIn Learning
- •<u>One Mind</u>

Empower the individual to take personal responsibility to get the support they need and help themselves





ASSOCIATE ASSISTANCE PROGRAM: USE THE QR CODE TO ACCESS THE SITE OR FOLLOW THE LINK

What is the AAP?

Provides free and confidential short-term counseling, referrals and follow up services to Associates and their family members who have personal and/or work related concerns - 24/7, 365 days.

How do I access the AAP?

Find your local AAP provider here: https://team.effem.com/sites/AAP

Or scan the QR code below



Mars Veterinary Health Associates: Please refer to your business units intranet site or reach out to your P&O leader for more health & wellbeing resources.

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EXAMPLE GROUND RULES



Coaching Agreement

What your coach expects from you

- Always attend all meetings on time
- Always be prepared for the session

 a) Check what you have achieved against your tasks
 b) List what is still outstanding with your explanation for not completing the tasks and email to coach 24 hours prior to your next session (if you have booked more than one session)
 c) Consider what actions may be necessary prior to sessions
- Be honest at all times.
- You agree that your coach can challenge you if you are deceiving yourself or on any areas they see appropriate to do so
- Be willing and enthusiastic about trying new methods that your coach may suggest from time to time
- Accept and willingly work on direct, honest feedback received
- At all times work in partnership with your coach
- Be prepared to work on all areas of your life with your coach
- Arrange for payment to be made in advance of all sessions. If you require a receipt request it in advance
- Send any forms back promptly and fully completed
- Be prepared to step outside your comfort zone; growth is challenging

What you can expect from your coach

- Conduct all of your coach's dealings with you in absolute dignity, respect, honesty, confidentially, and as an equal
- Always conduct the session with integrity, responsibility and accountability
- Always attend all meetings on time
- Always be prepared for your session
- Treat all information discussed with you or written to you, with confidentiality. Your coach will not divulge any part thereof to any third party according to the Data Protection Act 1974/1998 amendments. (Excluding the Police or a legal body)
- Be committed to both the spirit and the letter of any agreements made with you
- Not to defraud, misrepresent, deceive or mislead you
- Recommend the services of other institutions or professionals if appropriate to your outcomes. These services are offered without liability, obligation or redress to my company or myself
- Share with you all their knowledge, skills, experience and expertise where appropriate and when they deem necessary
- Challenge any self-deceptions that hinder your progress towards your ultimate outcomes
- Give you all the assistance, help, support, encouragement, and guidance in fulfilling the outcomes

As agreed prior to starting your sessions, we have written to your GP to inform them of our work together. The sessions are not intended to be a substitute for professional medical advice, diagnosis, or treatment. Always seek the advice of your physician or other qualified health provider with any questions you may have regarding a medical condition. Never disregard professional medical advice or delay in seeking it because of something you discussed with your coach or have read on our website. CREATING A SAFE SPACE: OUR WORKSHOP GROUND RULES

BE HERE NOW: TECH OFF OR ON SILENT

It's hard to engage with this session, and the people in it, if you have other distractions. Please give this session your full attention; use it as an opportunity to shut the outside world off and invest this time in you.

PARTICIPATION: WHAT YOU PUT IN IS WHAT YOU GET OUT

Your learning is your responsibility; the more you engage the more you and everyone else benefits.

HONESTY & RESPECT

Be honest with yourself and others. Offer up genuine experiences and opinions as will the facilitator and the others in this session. If you don't agree with someone, that's OK—it's just an opinion!

KEEP AN OPEN MIND

Be non-judgemental, be open to new ideas - think of it like an experiment where you are curious about the outcome.

CONFIDENTIALITY

What is said in this session stays in this session. We are creating a safe and trusted space for people to express themselves within a supportive and encouraging environment.

USING 'I...' STATEMENTS

The facilitator might use 'I...' statements like 'I feel...' or 'I have done...' don't worry, they're not making this session all about them! It is a device they use to share knowledge and experiences whilst protecting people's privacy or the confidentiality of other groups.

SAFEGUARDING

There is an exception to confidentiality and that is safeguarding, we have a duty of care to you. Due to the safe environment that we create where people might explore things for the first time and the emotive nature of the subject matter, sometimes this can stir up strong feelings. We always inform the group about support resources available to them during the session.

If at any time the facilitator thinks that anyone is a risk of harm to themselves or others, we will follow our safeguarding procedure to ensure that individual is OK. We are very discreet and make sure that the individual knows exactly where to go for help and support.

International Wellbeing Insights takes its duty of care very seriously. If at any time the facilitator is aware of any illegality, we are duty bound to alert the relevant authorities.

International Wellbeing Insights



MY ACTION PLAN — 30/60 DAY CHALLENGE

KNOWLEDGE IS POWER...ONLY IF YOU APPLY IT OR TAKE ACTION

FOCUSSING ON THE I.D.E.A.L.S FRAMEWORK:

- HOW CAN YOU INCORPORATE THIS INTO YOUR ROLE AS A MENTAL HEALTH CHAMPION?
- WHAT CAN YOU DO TO BE MORE MENTALLY HEALTHY AND SET A GOOD EXAMPLE?
- HOW CAN YOU PRACTICE AND APPLY THE KNOWLEDGE AND EXPERIENCE OF THE CHAMPIONS COURSE?

Action Point 1: Identify Early Indicators Of Mental III-health

Action Point 2: Develop A Connection

Action Point 3: Engage In Conversation

Action Point 4: Actively Encourage

Action Point 5: Listen Empathetically and without judgement

Action Point 6: Support And Signpost

Buddy System: Who will you make yourself accountable to over the next 30-60 days?

Buddy System: How often will you meet and what method will you use?





KNOWLEDGE IS POWER...ONLY IF YOU APPLY IT OR TAKE ACTION

Write down a plan with points of action, what do you aim to achieve as a result of this workshop?

Thinking back to the 3 boundary areas: personal, organizational, role— Explore these areas are create your own boundaries, what are your own ground rules in this role of a mental health champion?

PERSONAL BOUNDARIES

ORGANISATIONAL BOUNDARIES

ROLE BOUNDARIES



ABOUT INTERNATIONAL WELLBEING INSIGHTS

Stress is a much used (and abused) term these days. You frequently hear people say "I'm stressed" or "I'm depressed", yet there is still much confusion about what these terms actually mean and how best to tackle them. This is where we can help. We are the UK's leading authority on stress management issues, which is why you will regularly hear us talking about this topic in the media.

International Wellbeing Insights is an organisation dedicated to leading effective universal change by maximising your resilience, happiness, productivity and success with our passionate approach to reducing stress and promoting wellbeing. Our extensive knowledge of stress and wellbeing and our cutting edge interventions have made us the primary organisation dealing with work-related stress reduction and wellbeing promotion in the UK since 2003.

For years, we've been empowering individuals to take charge of their wellbeing through our workshops, guides and regular updates. We also act as a trusted advisor for many companies such as SMBC, Garrett, Dragados, DHL, and the NHS—guiding them through the wellbeing solution maze.

For more information or to book a workshop or a coaching session see <u>www.wellbeing.work</u> or call 0203 142 8650 or email <u>info@stress.org.uk</u>.

If you want to promote wellbeing in your company using branded stress management products, go to <u>www.stress.org.uk</u>.



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We provide a range of services across the UK and internationally. We are always happy to discuss how we can support you.

We look forward to supporting your wellbeing journey.

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We have supported many organisations, including:

